**The numbering principle of the article ID**

**1 Journal ID**

Each Journal has its own number:

Acta Psychological Sinica ---1

Journal of Psychological Science ---2

Chinese Journal of Clinical Psychology ---3

Psychological Development and Education ---4

Psychological and Behavioral Studies ---5

**2 The Numbering of the Article ID**

In order to distinguish articles in different years, we will use 2008, 2018, 2021 to represent articles from three different periods. Each article ID has a total of 8 digits. The first four number represents the selected period, the fifth number represents the journal ID, and the last three number represent the ranking of the paper in the journal. For example, the first article in Acta Psychologica Sinica from 2008, coded 20081001. The second article in Acta Psychologica Sinica this year was coded 20081002.

**3 Articles’ Number each year**

Articles in 2008 and 2020~2021 were obtained by searching CNKI (https://www.cnki.net/). Data from Wang et al. (2021) was used, which included articles from 2017 to 2018. The amount of different journal’ articles in different period are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 The amount of different journal articles

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Journal | 2008 | 2017~2018 | 2020~2021 |
| Acta Psychological Sinica | 138 (39) | 246 (95) | 91 (28) |
| Journal of Psychological Science | 379 (107) | 299 (115) | 203 (61) |
| Chinese Journal of Clinical Psychology | 227 (64) | 379 (146) | 310 (94) |
| Psychological Development and Education | 87 (24) | 162 (62) | 95 (29) |
| Psychological and Behavioral Studies | 57 (16) | 213 (82) | 125 (38) |

*Note: Each column includes the total number of articles published in each journal at that time interval and the number of articles selected (inside parentheses)*

**References**

Wang, J., Song, Q-Y., Xu, Y-P., Jia B-B., Lu, C-L., Chen, X., Dai, Z-X., Huang, Z-Y., Li Z-J., Lin, J-X., Luo, W-Y., Shi S-N., Zhang, Y-Y., Zang, Y-F., Zuo, X-N., Hu, C-P. (2021). Interpreting nonsignificant results: A quantitative investigation based on 500 Chinese psychological research. *Advances in Psychological Science, 29*(3), 381–393.